

COUNTY OF FRONTENAC.

The county of Frontenac is bounded on the north by the county of Renfrew, on the east by the counties of Renfrew, Lanark, and Leeds, south, by the Bay of Quinté, and west, by the county of Addington. It comprised at one time a portion of what was called the Midland District, but afterwards it was united with the counties of Lennox and Addington for judicial purposes; the city of Kingston being the county seat for the three counties. In 1864, Frontenac was separated from Lennox and Addington, the city of Kingston still being the county seat of Frontenac—while Napanee has been made the capital of Lennox and Addington. The land of the southern townships is good; but going further north, it becomes rocky and scarcely fit for agricultural purposes, and excellent marble has been found in great abundance:

Frontenac contains the following townships: Barrie, Bedford, Canonto, Clarendon, Hinchinbrooke, Kennebec, Kingston, Loughborough, Olden, Oso, Palmerston, Pittsburgh, Portland, Storrington, and Wolfe Island.

The following is a list of the Reeves and Deputy-Reeves within the county of Frontenac for the year 1865, viz.:

Name of Municipality.	Reeve.	Deputy-Reeve.
Barrie	Mr. Neal,	.....
Bedford and Palmerston...	George Barr,	.....
Clarendon	Mr. Watkins,	.....
Hinchinbrooke	C. H. Godfrey,	.....
Kennebec	J. S. Parks,	.....
Kingston	Robert Gibson,	P. W. Day.
Loughborough	William Mace,	Charles Joyner.
Olden	George Cox,	.....
Oso	Thomas Moore,	.....
Pittsburgh & Howe Island.	Matthew Strachan,	Robert Anglin, jun.
Portland	Elijah Joyner,	Geo. Dennison, jun.
Portsmouth	William Mudie,	.....
Storrington.....	William Gibson,	Samuel Campbell.
Wolfe Island	D. D. Calvin,	John Halliday.

D. D. Calvin, *Warden.*
 William Ferguson, *Treasurer.*
 Hugh Spring, *Clerk.*

POST OFFICES.

Post Office.	Postmaster.	Township.
Battersea	Cornelius Vanluven.....	Storrington.
Bellrock	Daniel Brown	Portland.
Birmingham	Mrs. E Birmingham	Pittsburgh.
Brewer's Mills	Robert Anglin, sen.....	Pittsburgh.
Cloyne	Bibens Clark	Barrie.
Collinsby	Lawrence Herkimer.....	Kingston.
Deniston	T. A. Grant.....	Hinchinbrooke.
Elginburg	Peter Bates	Kingston.
Fermoy	Edward Botting	Bedford.
Garden Island.....	.....(Mails daily from	Kingston.)
Glenburnie	D. J. Waggoner	Kingston.
Glenvale	Robert Gibson.....	Kingston.
Hardinge	A. Hawley Stevens	Barrie.
Harrowsmith	Samuel Stewart	Portland.
Howe Island	R. Urquhart	Pittsburgh.
Inverary	Hugh Ralston	Storrington.
Kingston Mills	Thomas Burrows.....	Kingston.
Loughborough	Hugh Madden.....	Loughborough.
Mountain Grove.....	E. L. Godfrey.....	Olden.
Murvale	Michael Davey	Portland.
Parham	Thomas A. Grant	Hinchinbrooke.
Petworth	E. L. Carscallen	Portland.
Pitts Ferry	Daniel Root.....	Kingston.
Portsmouth	George McLeod	Kingston.
Railton	John Walsh.....	Loughborough.
Sharpton	Robert N. Storms	Kingston.
Verona	A. M. Clarke	Portland.
Waterloo	Joseph Northmore	Kingston.
Westbrook	Benjamin Clark	Kingston.
Wilmur	Peter Freeman.....	Loughborough.
Wolfe Island	George Malone	Wolfe Island.
(P. O. Marysville)...		

TOWNSHIPS OF BARRIE AND CLARENDON.

The township of Barrie is bounded on the north by the township of Abinger, county of Addington, on the east by the township of Clarendon, on the south by the township of Kennebec, and on the west by the township of Anglesca, county of Addington. The township of Clarendon is bounded on the north by the township of Miller, on the east by the township of Palmerston, on the south by the township of Olden, and on the west by the township of Barrie. The townships contain some excellent land, and the Frontenac road passes through the township of Clarendon, and settlements have been made on either side of the road, while the township of Barrie is pretty well settled. The timber is a mixture of hardwood and pine, and both townships are well watered.

TOWNSHIP OF BEDFORD.

THE township of Bedford is bounded on the north by the township of Oso; on the east and north-east by the townships of South Sherbrooke, county of Lanark, and North Crosby, county of Leeds; on the south by Storrington and Loughborough; and on the west by the township of Hinchinbrooke. The township is well watered by numerous little lakes, among which may be mentioned Crow lake, Bob's lake, Canoe lake, Devil lake, White lake, and Wolfe lake—and rivers, which abound in fish, and join one small lake with another, and eventually lead them into the Rideau lake and river. The timber is a mixture of hardwood and pine. It lies on the eastern border of the county of Frontenac, about 20 miles to the north of the city of Kingston; and is accessible by the Frontenac road, which divides the township from Hinchinbrooke, and runs north through the county.

TOWNSHIP OF HINCHINBROOKE.

THE township of Hinchinbrooke is bounded on the north by the townships of Kennebec and Olden; on the east by the township of Bedford; on the south by the township of Portland; and on the south-west by the township of Sheffield, county of Addington. The township lies to the north-west of Kingston, the county seat, about 20 miles; and the Frontenac road intersects and skirts along its eastern boundary. The face of the country is tolerably level, and is well watered and timbered, and the soil is a stiff loam or clay. It is not so well settled as some of the more southern townships; and, in 1850, contained but 236 inhabitants.

TOWNSHIP OF KENNEBEC.

The township of Kennebec is bounded on the north by the townships of Barrie and Clarendon, on the east by the township of Olden, on the south by the townships of Hinchinbrooke, and Sheffield, county of Addington, and on the west by the township of Kaladar. It is watered by Cross and Bull lakes, which waters find their way to the Bay of Quinté, through two channels—one the Salmon, and the other

the Moira, rivers—through the county of Hastings. The timber is a mixture of hardwood and pine, the face of the country is undulating, and the soil partly clay loam and partly sandy. In 1861, the inhabitants numbered 429.

TOWNSHIP OF KINGSTON.

The township of Kingston is bounded on the north by the townships of Portland and Storrington, on the east by the township of Pittsburgh, on the south by the bay of Quinté, and on the west by the township of Ernesttown, county of Addington. The township commenced settling by the English as early as the year 1783, and in 1817 it only contained about 600 inhabitants. The city of Kingston is situated in this township, on the bay of Quinté, at the mouth of the great Cataraqui Creek, and near the eastern boundary of the township. For a more extended notice of the city see the introduction to this work. Few or no actual purchases of land were made by the original settlers, as their situation entitled them to grants from government; but many of these people, however, got into the books of the merchants in a few years, and from that period may be dated the actual sale of lands. In the early settlement, no general system of cropping was observed, the ordinary mode with the new land being to put in a crop of wheat and continue this from year to year as long as the land would bear it, when it was laid in grass for two or three years, after which it was again cropped as before. In 1850 the township contained 4,523 inhabitants, and 18,000 bushels of wheat, 31,000 bushels of oats, 10,000 bushels of peas, 29,000 bushels of potatoes, 16,000 lbs. of maple sugar, 11,000 pounds of wool, and 37,000 lbs. of butter were produced from the crop of 1849. The soil generally consists of loam, on a clay subsoil, with a limestone base, and the timber is a mixture of beech, maple, oak, elm, pine, &c.

TOWNSHIP OF LOUGHBOROUGH.

THE township of Loughborough is bounded on the north by the township of Bedford; on the east by the township of Storrington; on the south-east and south by the township of Storrington; on the west by the township of Portland. The township is tolerably level, and contains some good land. It commenced settling in 1800; and

had 1483 inhabitants in 1842, 1611 in 1850, which had increased to 2452 in last census.

TOWNSHIP OF OLDEN.

The township of Olden is bounded on the north by the township of Clarendon; on the east by the township of Oso; on the south by the township of Hinchinbrooke; and on the west by the township of Kennebec. In the northern part of the township is Hungry lake, in the eastern part are lakes Sharbot and Legget, and in the southern part lies Long lake, and in the western part the eastern end of Cross lake extends into it. About the centre of the township, on the Frontenac road, lies the post village of Mountain Grove. In 1861, the population of the township was 435.

TOWNSHIPS OF MILLER AND CANONTO.

THE township of Miller is bounded on the north by the township of Matawatchan, county of Renfrew; on the east by the township of Canonto (North and South); on the south by the township of Clarendon; and on the west by the township of Abinger, county of Addington. The township is dotted over by many little lakes, the principal ones being Fortune, Mackie, Indian, and Brule, and whose waters are united by small outlets, and form the source of the Mississippi river, which, passing into the county of Lanark in an easterly direction, empty into the Mississippi lake, and thence, by a northerly course through the northern portion of the county of Carleton, eventually find their way into that part of the Upper Ottawa, called the Chats lake.

The township of Canonto is bounded on the north by the township of Brougham, county of Renfrew—the Madawaska river being the dividing line; on the east by the township of Blythefield, county of Renfrew, and by the township of Levant, county of Lanark; on the south by the township of Palmerston; and on the west by the township of Miller. Mud lake, which lies in the northern part of the township, empties its waters into the Madawaska river. The township is divided into North and south Canonto. Neither of the townships (Miller nor Canonto) are settled to any great extent—the total number of inhabitants for both being but 68 in the year 1861.

TOWNSHIP OF OSO.

The township of Oso is bounded on the north by the township of Palmerston; on the east by the township of North and South Sherbrooke, county of Lanark; on the south by the township of Bedford; and on the west by the township of Olden. In 1861, the township contained 349 inhabitants.

TOWNSHIP OF PALMERSTON.

THE township of Palmerston is bounded on the north by the township of Canonto; on the east by the townships of Levant and Sherbrooke, county of Lanark; on the south by the townships of Oso and Olden; and on the west by the township of Clarendon. Palmerston is but little settled; and in 1861 contained but 127 inhabitants.

TOWNSHIP OF PORTLAND.

The township of Portland is bounded on the north by the townships of Hinchinbrooke and Bedford, on the east by the township of Loughborough, on the south by the township of Kingston, and on the south west by the township of Camden East, County of Addington. This township is tolerably level, and contains some good land. It commenced settling in 1800, and in 1842 contained 1,525 inhabitants, in 1850, 1,728, and in 1861, 2,836.

TOWNSHIP OF PITTSBURGH.

The Township of Pittsburgh is bounded on the north by the township of Storrington; on the east by the township of Leeds, county of Leeds; on the south by the Bay of Quinté; and on the west by the township of Kingston. Pittsburgh was formerly a large township, but it was divided to form the new township of Storrington—the Rideau Canal now forming its north-western boundary. It contains a great deal of rocky land, and commenced settling about the year 1800; and

in 1850, it contained 2426 inhabitants. From the crop of 1849, 13,000 bushels of wheat, 17,000 bushels of oats; 7,800 bushels of peas, 20,000 bushels of potatoes, 6,500 pounds of wool, and 15,700 pounds of butter were produced.

TOWNSHIP OF STORRINGTON.

THE township of Storrington is bounded on the north by the township of Bedford, on the east by the township of South Crosby, County of Leeds, on the south east by the township of Pittsburgh, on the south by the township of Kingston, and on the northwest and west by the township of Loughborough. The greater part of the township, which was taken from Pittsburgh and Loughborough, is rough and hilly; still a considerable portion of the land is good. In 1845 it contained 1584 inhabitants, which number had increased to 1940 in 1850, and to 2894 in 1861. From the crop of 1849, 12,000 bushels of wheat, 26,000 bushels of potatoes, 11,000 pounds of maple sugar, 5,600 pounds of wool, and 12,000 pounds of butter were produced.

TOWNSHIP OF WOLFE ISLAND.

OPPOSITE the county of Frontenac, situated in Lake Ontario, is a large island called Wolfe Island. This island forms a separate township of the county of Frontenac. It is very irregularly shaped, and contains a considerable portion of excellent land, which is generally rolling or level. It commenced settling about the year 1800; and in 1842 it contained 1289 inhabitants; and in 1850 it had increased to 2830; and in 1861 to 3601. In 1849, 7161 acres of land were under cultivation, and 13,000 bushels of wheat, 19,000 bushels of oats, 8400 bushels of peas, 14,000 bushels of potatoes, 3500 bushels of turnips, 5900 lbs. of Wool, 51,000 lbs. of cheese, and 15,800 lbs. of butter, were produced.